



The Importance of Petroleum

Petroleum is the most important of the bitumens and next to coal the most important of all carbon compounds; also the development of significance took place barely one-half a century ago. The production has increased by tremendous strides until today the output has reached enormous proportions. There is no sea whose waters are not churned by oil steamships, no country whose roads have not seen the oil-driven motor car, and no village in the civilized world in which a flame of kerosene or other form of petroleum does not illuminate some. Thousands of miles of highways are kept free from dust or otherwise improved by use of petroleum oil. The Panama Canal was only made feasible by the use of oil which made the region habitable for the workmen by killing the malaria infected mosquito. Oil again is of vital importance to any navy in the world and no one realized it better than Great Britain.

We are realizing, and quite right, the transcendent importance to our industrial future of getting into our hands the control of as much oil material as possible. In oil we have the raw material second to none in its usefulness. Indispensable indeed to the process of modern manufacture and transportation and offering itself as a supreme test of whatever aptitude we may possess for commerce and statesmanship on a big scale. The best policy for us as a nation is to encourage the investment of capital in oil enterprise to develop our great petroleum resources and prospects. Since the armistice was signed oil has played an important part in the framing of the World Peace. The British Government has taken over the controlling ownership of the Anglo-Persian Oil Company and has practically insured a mandate over Persia to safeguard its interests. An Army is being maintained in Mesopotamia at a cost of over \$5,000,000 a day and it is scarcely denied that the existence of some of the greatest oil fields in the world in that region have been a large feature in dictating the policy of military occupation. Moreover, this indication of national policy has been reflected among the individual and private companies, and there never was a time in the world's history when prospecting for new fields was more earnestly undertaken and more widespread in its sphere of operation.

The World's visible supply of oil is growing pretty steadily although this course received a check during the war years. Over 580,000,000 barrels of crude oil, about 80 million tons is an official estimate of the production of 1918, and since then the output has naturally largely increased. For some time past about two-thirds of the World's supply has come from the United States. During the war the United States supplied the Allies with 80 per cent of their oil requirements, whether for naval oil, fuel petroleum for land transportation or lubricating oils which were used in such large quantities. Indeed the oil deposit of the United States has been worked so extensively the authorities competent to judge are beginning to show alarm over the exhaustion of the supply, and this fact makes the prospecting for new fields more important. The United States Government officials made a statement a few months ago of the careful survey of the oil resources of that country, that at the present rate of exhaustion the remaining oil deposit of the United States will last about thirty years; moreover, it must not be forgotten that oil cannot be replaced. For her Secretary of the Interior, Franklin K. Land, puts it clearly when he said trees can be grown again on the soil from which they have been taken, but how can petroleum be reproduced. It has taken ages for nature to distill it in her subterranean laboratories. We do not even know her process and no substitute so far has been discovered. It is practically the one motor fuel and the one lubricant of the world today. Not a train goes nor a factory operates and not a wheel turns that petroleum in some kind of form is not used. Take petroleum away and the industrial work of the whole world will be at a standstill. With an ever-increasing consumption of oil in the United States and Canada and limited supplies, the importance of discovering new fields within the British Empire or in lands in which British interests predominate, becomes more insistent. Petroleum is a vital necessity to the British Navy for the swiftest and biggest warships burn oil fuel exclusively. During the war attempts were made in Derbyshire and elsewhere to obtain mineral oil by drilling wells and met with some success, yet it is certain that for the bulk of her supplies Britain must depend on shipments from overseas. It is for this reason that the importance of a new find of oil in the North West Territory, Canada, takes a special interest.

Alberta

The possibilities of Alberta as an oil field has induced the drilling of a large number of test wells. The area within which a possible oil field and very probable gas field may be found can be outlined as a belt extending from Saskatchewan by way of the Viking fields, north-west to Athabasca river near Athabasca and thence in a broad curve to the Peace River below Peace River Land-

Government and Oil. Notice to Farmers re Pool Meeting

With another session about to open at Ottawa, it is to be hoped that the government is giving consideration to the measures that are required to encourage oil prospecting in this province. These have been urged upon it from time to time and a strong case made out for them.

It is particularly desirable that the budget should provide for the admission of oil drilling machinery on more favorable terms. Two years ago Mr. Fielding, in his budget speech, declared that the government was anxious to encourage such exploration and announced that certain kinds of equipment would be admitted free as well as seamless tubing over four inches in diameter. But the customs department gave a ruling which practically nullified the good intent of the finance minister. Heavy standard equipment remained subject to a duty of 35 per cent, and it is necessary to remove this duty if operators across the line are to be tempted to come into Alberta and try their luck. A further impetus to the movement north will be given, if not only seamless but other varieties of oil and gas well casing should be designated for free entry.

There is no extensive industry in the dominion which would be affected by these tariff changes and the customs revenue now obtained is of small account as compared with the benefits which would accrue from oil discoveries. There are many operators now in Montana who would like to cross the border and do some drilling here, but few of them are inclined to pay the present heavy imposts. It has been suggested that, if the government is unwilling to remove the duties permanently, it should arrange to allow outfits to be brought in under bond for a period of one or two years on the understanding that they would be returned to the country of origin at the expiration of that time.

In this way a decided stimulus would be given to the work of uncovering the oil resources of the existence of which on a large scale so much evidence exists. The results obtained recently in the Wainwright field and in that south of Calgary are sufficient to show how well worth while further prospecting effort is likely to prove and those who are willing to take the risk which this involves should have things made as easy for them as possible. Any profit which they may make will be very small alongside that which the country as a whole will derive from their success.

There is also the matter of amending the oil regulations so as to provide for fixity of contract. A deputation waited on the minister of the interior in Edmonton last October and pointed out to him the difficulty of interesting outside capital when the regulations could be changed at will by order-in-council. Mr. Stewart expressed himself as impressed with the soundness of the representations made to him and promised to do what lay in his power to eliminate the element of uncertainty. The interview was a very satisfactory one and early action along these lines was looked for. It should not be further delayed.

If the government does its part, a year of great activity, which should have substantial results, may be expected.



Mush! Mush!

Through the streets of Quebec. Even driving through these historic by-ways, in the calèches does not have the charm of a run through them in a husky-drawn carriage. There's a tang in the air and such an atmosphere as could be found nowhere else. Exhilarating and full of color and life. This is the Chateau Frontenac team.

ing, therefore encircling the great depression of Central Alberta. A broadening of the belt northward from this line is evident in the Athabasca Valley as the oil in the McMurray tar sands seems to be connected with the possibilities of the whole area.

Single Copies 5c each. \$2.00 Per Year in Advance

Pool meeting in Irma, February 14th at 2 P. M.

Very successful meetings have been held at Wainwright, Edgerton and Chauvin, where canvassing committees have been selected to cover their respective districts to obtain contract signers for the livestock, dairy and poultry pools. At several meetings along the line, bankers, business men and others have volunteered to help the farmers to organize these pools just as they did during the wheat pool drive.

Similar movements are in progress in the United States which have been endorsed by President Coolidge. In a recent radio message broadcasted by President Coolidge on co-operative marketing, the President among other things said, "Every citizen among us has a personal concern in the welfare of the farmer. The fortune of all of us will in the end go up or down with his. If we ever permit our farming population to fall to the level of a mere agricultural peasantry they will carry down with them the general social and economic level. The farmer is not only a producer he is likewise a merchant. It does him no good to get quantity production—in fact it may do him harm—unless he also can have scientific marketing."

A meeting for the purpose of organizing the live stock and dairy pools will be held at Irma on Saturday, afternoon, February 14th at 2 P. M.

All locals north and south from Jarrow to Battle River are asked to have as many representatives present as possible. Mr. J. Slattery of Camrose will speak on the Livestock Pool and J. R. Love will speak on behalf of the Dairy Pool. A large attendance is requested as it is only possible to hold meetings at central points in order to cover the Province before seedling time.

IRMA SCHOOL REPORT JANUARY

Senior Room

GRADE VIII.—Dennis Barber 84,

Edith Hostrup 72, Lorna Milburn 70,

Maude Smallwood 67, Evaine Herbert 69, William Blaude 34, Douglas Hatch, not graded.

GRADE VII.—Imogene Colby 78,

Kenneth Matheson 77, Frank Maguire 64, Verna Herbert 42, Myrtle Glasgow, not graded.

GRADE VI.—Grace Love 79,

Lucille Gultner 71, Gerald Glasgow 28,

GRADE V.—Ethel Milburn 90, Eleanor Barber 87, Violet Simmons 85, Nancy Hewitt 84, Bernice Matheson 83, Vera Herbst 54, Marie Colby 51, Beulah Blaude 50, Clara Sharkey 46, Herbert Klem 46, Eva Congdon 28, Ezzie Sharkey 20, Ivor Colby, not graded.

B. Borden, Teacher.

HIGH SCHOOL ATTENDANCE AND RESULTS OF JANUARY TESTS

Enrollment for month 22. Number of days school was open 20. Percentage of attendance 84.

In this month five tests were given, and the following is the standing in order of merit. The figure in brackets after name indicates the number of subjects in which student obtained honors, that is 70 per cent or more; the letter H after name indicates an average honor standing on all subjects.

GRADE XI.—Georgina Fenton (3), Lillian Sanders (3), Darrel Petersen (1), Mazel Murphy (1), Wayne Mitchell (1).

GRADE X.—Arnold Tucker (H), Alex Smallwood (1), George Fischer (1), Hazel Congdon (3), Nelwyn Peterson (1).

GRADE IX.—Alice Sisson (H), Orril Fischer (H), Annie Kennedy (2), Ruth Schultz (1), William Klem (2), Margaret Newberry (1), Wendell Mitchell, Earl Lennon.

The following were absent when tests were given—Violet Landers, Maude Lymburner, Jean McLean, Charlene Miles.

Junior Room Report of the Irma Public School.

GRADE IV.—Kai Hostrup 94, Robert Maguire 84, Agnes Latner 70, Murray Gultner 72 Elsie Stinson 70; Sam Congdon 70; Elmer Pyle 67; Mary Stinson 64; Clarence Barber 63; Bessie Sharkey 63; Don Matheson 60; Frank Matheson 48; Robert Klem 40; Vera Hatch (not graded).

GRADE III.—Edward Sharkey 84, Einer Erickson 80, Keith Tucker 78, Mary Jones 76; Dorothy Glasgow 75;

Stagley Gultner 72 Elsie Stinson 70;

Sam Congdon 70; Elmer Pyle 67;

Mary Stinson 64; Clarence Barber 63; Bessie Sharkey 63; Don Matheson 60; Frank Matheson 48; Robert Klem 40; Vera Hatch (not graded).

GRADE II.—Alice Sisson (H), Orril Fischer (H), Annie Kennedy (2), Ruth Schultz (1), William Klem (2), Margaret Newberry (1), Wendell Mitchell, Earl Lennon.

The following were absent when tests were given—Violet Landers, Maude Lymburner, Jean McLean, Charlene Miles.

Junior Room Report of the Irma Public School.

GRADE I.—Kai Hostrup 94, Robert Maguire 84, Agnes Latner 70, Murray Gultner 72 James Fleming 81, Clifford Smallwood, not graded owing to absence.

GRADE 0.—Elmer Erickson 84, Keith Tucker 78, Mary Jones 76; Dorothy Glasgow 75;

Stagley Gultner 72 Elsie Stinson 70;

Sam Congdon 70; Elmer Pyle 67;

Mary Stinson 64; Clarence Barber 63; Bessie Sharkey 63; Don Matheson 60; Frank Matheson 48; Robert Klem 40; Vera Hatch (not graded).

Grade 2.

Avis Colby 82; Ellen Hostrup 78;

Harold Tucker 75; Dolton Herber 74;

Leslie Robertson 68; Bennie McGuire 65; Roy Pyle 65.

JUNIOR ROOM REPORT.

Grade 1.

Aletha Knudson, Jim Mathison over 75 percent.

William Milburn, Roy Latner, Ina Mathison, Cathleen Taylor, Harold Elliott, over 60 percent.

Albert Glasgow, Ralph Congdon, over 50 percent.

Harold Barber, Robert Gultner, Fern Stimson over 40 percent.

During January the attendance has been good in spite of the stormy weather. The average daily attendance was 36.65; while the percentage of attendance during January was 82.39.

Vera Hatch has written to some of her school mates from Victoria, B. C. where she is enjoying a six weeks vacation. We hope Vera will soon return as we all miss her very much.

George L. Davies, Teacher.

WINTER.

Thank heaven for Winter! I would be glad if it lasted the whole year through, though many persons despise it and grumble its long months away.

Through the hushed air the whitening showers descend. At first thin layers, then the soft flakes and last of all the continual flow.

The trees and fields put on their winter robe of pure. The woods howl in their roar head, and the labouring ox stands covered with snow in mute appeal for care and ease.

But in the depth of winter when nature lies despoiled of every charm and wrapped in her shroud of snowed snow we turn for our gratification, not outward; but inward, into ourselves and to moral sources.

Annie Kennedy, Grade 9, Irma High School.

ANNUAL MEETING RATEPAYERS. M. D. BATTLE RIVER

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 21st

On Saturday afternoon, February 21st the Council of the Municipality of Battle River will hold their annual meeting. At this meeting any ratepayer who has any suggestions to make re the running of the municipality or complaints to make against the present council should be present. At this meeting three councillors will be nominated for the ensuing year and if two nominations are made for any one ward, the election to decide who will be elected will be held on the following Saturday. As a rule too little interest is taken in this important meeting and too much criticism is passed on the men who devote their time in the interest of the ratepayers, in many cases neglecting their own work. If more interest would be shown before election and men elected who are agreeable to the majority of the ratepayers it would be better both for the Councillors and the ratepayers.

Bovril inside keeps cold outside

Are The Voters Indifferent?

Every Presidential campaign in the United States is remarkable in one or more ways, but probably the most remarkable feature of the recent campaign was the strenuous effort made to induce men and women qualified to vote to go to the polls and exercise their franchise. When people are denied the franchise, there is continual agitation to obtain it, and not infrequently in the history of this old world lies the insistent demand of people to enjoy the rights of self-government resulting in revolution. But once that right has been accorded them, when a large percentage of the people display neglect and indifference in the exercise of their franchise through which alone can they really govern themselves.

If the great mass of voters neglect to cast their ballots, democracy is in danger because they are leaving the door wide open to the entry of interested parties and cliques and personal axes to grind rather than a patriotic desire to advance the welfare of the country as a whole. All students and lovers of democracy realize the danger that exists, consequently in the recent Presidential election an unprecedented effort was made to arouse the voters from their apathy and get them to the polling booths.

In the Presidential election of 1896 when William Jennings Bryan made his famous campaign for "free silver," eighty per cent. of the qualified voters went to the polls. A quarter of a century later in 1912 with all the excitement of a three-cornered contest between Wilson, Taft and Roosevelt, only 62 per cent. of the voters actually voted, and every election between those dates revealed a steady decline.

During the weeks preceding this year's election every known device was employed by the National Civic Federation in a great "get out the vote" campaign to rouse idle state of affairs and arouse the voters to a sense of their responsibility. The radio, the movies, the newspaper and magazine press, ringing bells, blowing sirens, tooting whistles, the parting of spectators on automobiles and milk bottles, the offering of a magnificent trophy to the state, securing the largest proportional increase in votes cast, and advertising on a nation-wide scale were called into action. "With what result?" According to the latest figures available, less than one-half the people entitled to vote took the trouble to do so.

Much the same thing is recorded in Canada, and even in Great Britain, where the proportion is higher, rarely more than 70 per cent. of the vote is polled.

What is the reason? Are the people really apathetic, uninterested and indifferent as to what principles and policies shall be effective in the legislation and administration of their public affairs, or is there something radically wrong with the electoral systems in vogue? Even admitting a considerable degree of apathy and neglect on the part of the individual voter, it cannot alone be accountable for the fact that, as a rule, only three out of every five persons cast their ballots.

Rather is it the main trouble not in the present system of balloting? For example, what inducement is there for a Republican voter to go to the polls in the states of the solid Democratic South? He may vote as a matter of sentiment or out of principle, but he knows that it will have no effect on the result. He is in a hopeless minority and knows it, and he further knows that under the existing system he is like-wise helpless. Then, why take the trouble to vote? And a Democrat finds himself in exactly the same position in some of the out-and-out Republican States of the north.

In the last Canadian general elections, the Conservative voters in the Province of Quebec might just as well have refrained from voting for all the effect the ballots cast by them had on the representation of that Province in the House of Commons. In Nova Scotia, 326,000 Conservative, Progressive and Labor voters, 47 per cent. of the total, were as effectively disfranchised as if their names had been struck off the voters' lists in advance of polling. In Alberta and Saskatchewan, supporters of Liberal and Conservative candidates and policies found themselves without representation. Is it any wonder many voters say: "What's the use?" and go on with their own private business affairs.

The truth is, and the masses of the people are coming to realize the fact - even if the politicians do not, that, while we now enjoy universal suffrage, the votes of individuals have not equal value. The votes of a bare majority are 100 per cent. effective, but let a group, no matter how numerous, be in a minority of one, and they are deprived of all representation. What incentive is there in such a condition to a man or woman to drive many miles to cast what they well know in advance will be an ineffective ballot?

The popular cry of a generation ago, "One man, one vote," requires replacement by a newer slogan, "One vote, one value." Only so can what now appears to be sheer apathy and neglect on the part of the voters be overcome. Give them some reasonable assurance that their votes will be a real factor in determining the result of an election, and much of the present indifference will disappear.

Study Effect of Eclipse on Radio

The effect, if any, of the eclipse of the sun on radio reception will be one of the subjects studied when the eclipse takes place on January 24. A publication devoted to science is co-operating with radio enthusiasts in an effort to collect data on this phase of the astronomical phenomenon.

In memory of those who fell in the war a beautifully laid out area in the British Empire Exhibition is to be preserved as "The Garden of Remembrance."

There are stars so distant that their light must travel for 36,000 years before we see it.

Children Cry for

Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER - Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops, and Soothing Syrups, especially prepared for Infants in arms and Children all ages.

To avoid imitations always look for the signature of *Fletcher's*
Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

Caught By Wireless

Liverpool Criminal Went to Sea But Was Arrested

Arrested by wireless, a fireman was sentenced at the Liverpool Assizes to seven years' penal servitude for the manslaughter of his mother-in-law. During a quarrel on a landing, the man threw the woman over the balustrade. She died from her injuries. A week later the fireman went to sea, but, following wireless inquiries, he was arrested on his return.

"DIAMOND DYE" IT

A BEAUTIFUL COLOR

Perfect homelying and thinning guaranteed with Diamond Dyes. Just dip in cold water to tint soft, delicate shades, or bold to dye silk, permanents, or colors. Each 15-cent package contains directions; simple silk, satin, ribbons, shirts, blouses, dress-suits, stockings, lingerie, coverings, hangings, everything now.

Buy "Diamond Dyes" - no other kind, and tell your druggist whether the material you wish to color is wool or silk, or whether it is linen, cotton, or mixed goods.

Women Detectives in Turkey

Turkish Women Detectives are being engaged by the chief of the Constantinople police. They will be equipped with the special duty of reporting on the moral conduct of members of their own sex.

VICTIMS OF ANAEMIA

Need New, Rich Blood to Restore Health and Strength

An unfortunate fact that nine women out of every ten are victims of anaemia is due to one cause: another, the nation of middle age - all know its misery. To be anaemic means that you are breathless after slight exertion. You feel worn out and dependent. You find your food and often cannot digest it, you eat steep does not refresh you, and when you get up you feel exhausted right for the day's duties. If neglected, anaemia may lead to consumption.

You should act promptly. Make good the fault in your blood by taking Diamond Dyes. Plain, liquid, reliable blood enriches every discovered. These pills purify, build strength, strengthen weak blood, and they make good blood, and as the condition of your blood improves, you will gain power, strength, and enjoy life as a young girl and woman should do. The case of Mrs. Mary Trahanor, Perth, Ont., shows the value of Dr. William Pink Pills. She says: "I had not been feeling well for some time and had been gradually growing weaker. I found it very hard to do my housework; had severe headache, was very tired, and my husband's moodiness was some time, but they did me no good. I was growing weaker and used to faint and take dizzy spells. In this condition I began to take the Diamond Dye Pink Pills, and after a time found them better. Now I am continued their use until I round the troubles that afflicted me had gone and I am once more enjoying good health."

You can get Dr. William's Pink Pills through any dealer in medicine, or by mail at five cents from the Dr. William's Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Dirigible Mail Service

Says Zeppelins Will Carry Letters Across Atlantic At 25 Each

There will soon be a weekly mail service by Zeppelin between the United States and Europe, according to Dr. Hugo Eckener, director of the Zeppelin Company, who had charge of the ZR-3's trans-Atlantic flight.

The Zeppelin-Goodyear combination does not intend to establish a passenger service for the present, but indicated, but it believes one Zeppelin each way weekly carrying a half million letters at 25 cents per letter would be a business success.

Indian Trap Raccoon

The first raccoon ever trapped in Saskatchewan was caught recently by an Indian on the Moose Mountain reserve. The pair, of fair size, was in splendid condition. The provincial inspector, who examined it at Carlyle, stated it was the first to be registered in this province.

Elevator For Prince Rupert

The federal department of trade and commerce will call for tenders immediately for the construction of a 150,000 bushels elevator to be constructed at Prince Rupert. The new elevator is to take care of grain on Canadian National lines from Northern Alberta.

One of the most frequent results of submarine earthquakes is the breaking of telegraph cables.

Minard's Liniment for Colds

Irish Boundary Question

Ulster Ignores the Commission on the Boundary Issue

The governments of both Great Britain and Northern Ireland have informed the boundary commission that they do not care to submit statements to the commission, or appear before it by counsel or otherwise, according to a statement issued by the commission.

The government of the Free State, it added, has submitted a formal statement regarding Article 12 of the boundary treaty under which the commission was constituted and also has intimated its desire to appear before the commission by counsel at a later meeting in London.

The refusal of the Ulster Government to have anything to do with the boundary commission is interpreted as presaging the failure of the commission to accomplish anything. The British expression of lack of desire to appear is accepted as meaning that Great Britain takes the position that the commission was appointed to hear what the Irish have to say, and not the British.

Build Giant Zeppelin

Work to Commence At Once At Akron, Ohio

Construction of a super dirigible more than twice as large as the ZR-3 or the Shenandoah, will commence following the arrival from Germany of Dr. Karl Arnstein, noted Zeppelin engineer, to assume his duties as vice-president of the Goodyear-Zeppelin Corporation.

Dr. Arnstein will have a technical staff of 12 picked engineers, designers and draftsmen. Work on the new craft will begin immediately. The ship will be of 5,000,000 cubic foot gas capacity, more than twice the size of the ZR-3 or the Shenandoah.

Dr. Arnstein, under whose direction nearly 100 zeppelins were designed and manufactured in the German Zeppelin plant at Friedrichshafen, Germany, will supervise construction of the superairship. Dr. Arnstein designed and built the ZR-3 at the German factory.

Chocolate Covered Figs

Dainty Confection Which Will Please the Children

This toothsome and wholesome Christmas time confection comes from New Orleans, and is especially to be recommended for children, because it satisfies the craving for sweets with a food that is digested nutritiously and has a tonic effect on the system.

The figs should first be steamed until they are very tender. This may be done conveniently in an enameled ware steamer with a removable rack. When the figs have cooled remove the soft coats and chop this portion fine with a few nuts and candied fruits. Fill the figs with this mixture and dip them in unsweetened chocolate which has been melted in an enameled ware double boiler. The chocolate coating will keep the figs soft and moist for a considerable time.

England Will Use Tides

Millions To Be Spent For Producing Electric Power

A \$10,000,000 project to use the tidal rise in the River Severn for the production of electrical power will be undertaken by the British Government in the spring. A committee of electrical experts appointed to investigate the possibilities of harnessing the Severn to furnish power for the surrounding district has completed a report in which they recommend that the work be undertaken.

Miller's Worm Powders will not only expel worms from the system but will induce healthy and comfortable skin, under which worms can no longer thrive. Miller's Worms keep a child in a continual state of restlessness and pain, and there can be no comfort for him. You can help him to cease to cause suffering by removing, which can easily be done by the use of these powders, which are very effective.

New Excuse

Mrs. Tippler - "How dare you? do you come home in this condition?" Mr. Tippler - "The stuff - hide - I drank - hide - gave me the necessary courage."

Asthma Overcomes. The triumph over asthma has assuredly come. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy has proved the most positive blessing the victim of asthmatic attacks has known. Letters received from the manufacturer, who has sold the remedy for a test, show no room for doubt that he is a real remedy. Get it today from your dealer.

Prehistoric Animal

Workmen digging for the foundation of a house near Rome have unearthed an object identified as a huge tooth or tusk, measuring nearly eleven feet in length and some twenty inches in circumference at the large end. It is believed to have been part of some prehistoric animal.

The health committee of the League of Nations has decided that heroin is unnecessary as a medical remedy.

INVENTORS

Before disclosing your invention to anyone, send for free "RECORD OF INVENTION" and "How to Protect Your Fortune"; also free on request. Prompt personal service.

W. IRWIN HASKETT, Hope Bidg.,
16 Eighth St., Ottawa, Ont.

"Next door to the Canadian Patent Office"

Britain To Resume Trade With Germany

Anglo-German Trade Treaty Has Been Signed

The Anglo-German commercial treaty has been signed by the representatives of both governments.

Under the terms drawn up, Germany not only grants most favored nation treatment to Great Britain, but gives guarantees against discriminatory treatment and limitation of imports. The British Government binds itself to introduce in parliament a bill removing all the war restrictions still imposed against the Germans in England. This means that no discrimination will be made between Germans and other foreigners, and Germany will be allowed several minor trade concessions.

Germany's most favored nation clause now places England in the same position in trade relations with Germany as she occupied before the war.

Murder In Far North

Ottawa Considers Question of Charging Eskimo With Crime

The department of justice has under consideration the question whether a charge of murder will be laid against E-Ter-Goo-Yuk, an Eskimo, for the death of a tribesman, Oob-Pa-Row-Yuk, north of Baker Lake, in the Northwest Territories, more than a year ago.

It is understood, however, that steps to arrest the murder suspect will hardly be taken at present for several reasons. Some doubt exists as to the probability of obtaining a conviction on the available evidence, and, as E-Ter-Goo-Yuk is in the Coronation Bay district, the cost of sending a patrol to locate him and the expense of transporting officers of the crown to hold a trial at Chesterfield Inlet would be enormous.

Queen Mother Celebrates Birthday

Was Eighty Years Old On First Of December

Queen Alexandra has celebrated her eightieth birthday. King George, Queen Mary, the Prince of Wales and the Queen and Crown Prince of Norway were among those who joined in the observance. Though somewhat feeble, Queen Alexandra retains comparatively good health and is in the habit of driving out in her motor car daily, even braving inclement weather. There was a family dinner in honor of her birthday, but none of the brilliant festivities which formerly marked this anniversary.

Large numbers of gifts and messages of congratulation were received.

Frenchman Breaks Records

Attained Speed of 192 Miles An Hour In Seaplane

The airmen Paunier, using a new amphibious plane equipped with 350 horsepower motor, broke the speed record for seaplanes for the distances of both 100 and 200 kilometers while carrying a load of 500 kilograms. Paunier's average speed for the short-distance was slightly over 192 miles an hour and for the longer distance considerably under that figure.

The performance was the more remarkable in that the test was made over a ten kilometer course and the machine was brand new, never having been broken in.

Wheat King of the World

J. C. Mitchell, of Dahinda, Sask., Captures Chicago Sweepstakes

For the thirteenth time since 1910, when the competition was established, Canada emerged victorious in the wheat sweepstakes of the International Agricultural Exhibition, hay and grain division, when J. C. Mitchell, of Dahinda, Sask., was crowned wheat king of the world. The winning sample was a fine specimen of Marquis hard red spring variety, weighing 64.8 pounds to the bushel. It is Mr. Mitchell's third world's title, he having been successful in 1919 and 1920.

"James, spell cloth," said the teacher. "James was silent. 'Come on,' said the teacher impatiently. 'You know the word. What is your coat made of?' 'Father's old pants,' replied the boy.

Who mothers who know the virtues of Mother Graves' Worm Extract always have it at hand, because it proves its value.

The art of making paste jewels has been brought to a state of perfection in recent years, although it was known to early Egyptians and Romans.

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Could Stop Loss Caused By Quantity Of Export Wheat Shipped Through U.S. Ports

In the issue of November 5, Canada Finance called attention to the log to Canadian business interests due to the large proportion of the wheat crop entering export trade through United States' ports.

The Moose Jaw Evening Times declared that the greater the increase in exports of Canadian wheat the greater will be the folly of such an arrangement by apparent and concludes: "To the Britishers who have built up a great source of national income by furnishing transportation for the world's goods, the position of Canada paying annual tribute to United States through both Buffalo and the Panama Canal, while at the time the Hudson Bay route is undeveloped, must seem absurd."

Dealing with the same subject the News Chronicle, Port Arthur, says: "It is a reflection upon the business acumen of Canada that less than one-third of the shipments of wheat which pass through Port Arthur and Fort William elevators go through the port of Montreal, and two-thirds finds its way to the ocean through United States' ports."

Hon. H. A. McKeown, in his official capacity as head of the railay commission, proposes to do all he can to promote the use of Canadian ports by Canadian railways. In speaking at a Vancouver banquet he said he would "search diligently for a way to turn grain now going to world markets through the United States' ports, to the Pacific and Atlantic ports of Canada."

There are many who are of the opinion the chief consideration can be well employed in advocating completion of the Hudson Bay Railway; so that a comparatively short railway haul will put on a navigable arm of the Atlantic the wheat crop of the west. Under the caption, "Shortsighted Obstruction," the Regina Leader says: "The completion and operation of the Hudson Bay Railway would save at least ten cents, and more likely fifteen cents a bushel on outward bushel grain." That would mean \$26,000,000 or \$45,000,000 a year added to the purchasing power of the prairie provinces on \$60,000,000 bushels of wheat alone, which will soon be their normal exportable surplus. Add to that the saving that would be effected on other field crops and dairy produce and cattle—and the total increase in purchasing power of the prairie provinces through this means alone would approximate \$160,000,000 a year."

"There are not the slightest doubts in the mind of any thinking person familiar with the situation that the completion of the Hudson Bay Railway would be followed by a filling up of these provinces with products that would give the new route and presently give existing transportation lines all they could do to handle the traffic."

Total Shipments From Vancouver Low

Wheat Movement Will Be Lighter Than Last Year

Though the wheat movement out of Vancouver has, to date, been heavier than last year over the same period, the outlook is that the crop year total will be low. Estimates varying from 18,000,000 bushels to 40,000,000 bushels are being made. Last year at this date the bookings of space were to port capacity through to the end of February. This year the bookings are about 4,000,000 bushels for December and only one ship in January.

Loss Caused Through Insects

North American Continent Poorer By Billion Dollars Yearly

Insists on the North American continent cause destruction amounting to about one billion dollars a year, or five times the amount lost by rust in a year. In the whole world, declared Dr. C. L. Metcalfe, of the University of Illinois, in an address delivered at the convocation of the Ontario Entomological Society, Guelph, Ont. There were at least 500,000 kinds of insects inhabiting the continent, he said.

Silent Air Fleets

A silent air fleet is the dream of German aviation experts. A plane that makes practically no noise as it moves through the air has been developed by a group of Berlin engineers. Squadrons of silent air raiders would add grave difficulties to the problems of air defense, it has been pointed out.

A laborer, giving evidence recently at a Bamber Bridge police court, London, said he was a ring gatherer, and fortunes were being made at this trade. He said that he himself had gained as much as \$300 in a single week.

W. N. U. 1554

Family Community Centre

Large Family Will Be United On Alberta Farm

Mrs. Bowe, a California widow, with eight stalwart sons, all bent on farming, faced with the possible disintegration of her family, has come to Alberta to keep them together with her. She has purchased three sections, or nearly 2,000 acres, of fine farming land where they will lead a community life. In the centre of the area a house will be erected for Mrs. Bowe and her five unmarried sons. Each of the three married sons will have his own house close at hand, and a house will be erected for each of the others as he marries. Thus the family will remain landed. They houses being a community centre, permitting an exchange of farm equipment and animals and tending towards the more economical operation of the land.

Canadian Waters Kept Stocked With Fish

Many Hatcheries Operated Between Atlantic and Pacific

In order that Canadian waters may be kept well stocked with fish of high quality, the federal department of marine and fisheries operates forty-one hatcheries most advantageously situated between the Atlantic and the Pacific, and from these hatcheries spawn is distributed for the replenishing of the inland waters. So far as practicable the distribution is arranged on a "standard" basis. Streams and lakes are examined and classified according to their physical condition, the extent to which they are fished, and their general value from a fish-producing standpoint.

Settlers' Effect From U.S.

Considerable Increase Is Shown By Recent Returns

An indication of the increase in the value of effects brought into Canada by settlers from the United States is shown in the latest report of the department of trade and commerce. From April 1st to September 30th, 1924, settlers' effects to the value of \$12,129,339 were brought from the United States into Canada, compared with \$2,665,572 in the same period last year, an increase of \$462,872. In September of this year the value of settlers' effects brought into the Dominion by former residents of the United States was \$541,223, compared with \$161,519 in August, 1924, and \$603,437 in September, 1923.

Canada's Population Over Nine Million

Statistics Show Increase of Over Half Million Since 1921

Canada's population has increased nearly half a million since the last census was taken in 1921. Estimates made by the bureau of statistics show increases in every province except Prince Edward Island, where there has also been a fall of 600 in the population of the Yukon.

Canada's total population for 1924 is estimated at 9,226,740. The population in 1921, as taken by census, was 8,788,483. There is, therefore, an estimated increase of 438,257.

Horse-Pulling Contests

Ontario to Follow Feature Adopted in Western Provinces

Horse-pulling contests, which proved so popular at the Western Canada fairs this year, have been receiving attention in Ontario and will, according to J. Lockie Wilson, of the Ontario department of agriculture, be regular affairs at the provincial plowing match next year. There have been no pulling contests with the regular dynamometers in Ontario yet but one will be on hand for the provincial championship in 1925.

Turpentine and Rosin

The turpentine and rosin industry of the United States had a fifty per cent. increase in the value of its output in the last two years, the United States census bureau reports. The total output was valued at \$38,718,745 for the crop year 1923-24.

More Modern

Grandma—"Now, Tom hold your head up and shoulders back—would like to have a fine carriage when you're a man, wouldn't you?"

Tom—"Well, I'd rather have an aeroplane."

It is said that there are 2,000,000 horses in the United States; but what about the Ten Commandments?

Russia in Europe and Asia has a population of about 125,000,000.

His Life Threatened



Viscount Allenby, British High Commissioner in Egypt, whose life has been threatened. Viscount Allenby is one of Great Britain's most famous generals.

Trade Within Empire

Greater Market For Canadian Wheat Will Be Made in Britain

It is very probable that as a result of the adoption of a resolution by the British Empire Producers' Organization, Canadian wheat will find a much greater market in Great Britain. The resolution stated it was desirable, on economic and strategic grounds, that the home production of wheat should be materially increased and strongly urged that the wheat which must still be imported after the home supply has been absorbed, should be purchased from the wheat-growing centres of the Empire. The resolution further urges that steps be taken to organize and make fully available the wheat supplies of the empire, and that the government institute make an inquiry with the view of fixing the minimum quota of Britain's annual requirements which should be grown on home soil.

Beekeeping On Vancouver Island

Association Has Members As Far North As Prince Rupert

Interest in beekeeping has been steadily growing in the Saanich district of Vancouver Island for some time, and for this reason it was decided to form a beekeepers' association. Accordingly a "preliminary meeting was held at the experimental station in 1923, and an association formed. From that beginning it has grown to a membership of 56. These members are now from all parts of the island up to Alert Bay and even as far north as Prince Rupert.

Canada Buying Less From United States

Exports Show Gain Of \$7,000,000 Over Last Year

Canada is buying less from and selling more to the United States than she was a year ago. In the 12 months ended October, imports from the United States were \$534,000,000, a drop of \$55,000,000 compared with a year ago. Exports to the United States were \$18,000,000, a betterment of \$7,000,000 over a year ago. Canada's balance of trade with the United States, therefore shows an improvement of \$3,000,000.

There is a flat, concrete slab over the unpretentious grave of "Buffalo Bill" Cody on top of Lookout Mountain in Colorado.

Western Stallion for South Africa

Viscount, a percheron stallion two-year-old, bred by George Lane and Company, Pekisko, Alberta, photographed at the Canadian Pacific East End Stockyards, Montreal, where it is awaiting shipment to South Africa.

Upon completion of the 35 days ocean trip the horse will be delivered to the High Commissioner of the Union of South Africa, having been sold by Professor G. E. Day, of the Dominion Shorthorn Breeders' Association, Guelph, for breeding purposes. Viscount, registered number 11592, was inspected and selected for Professor Day by Professor Carlyle, manager of the Prince of Wales' ranch. Valued at \$1,500, the young horse, out of Nasturtium by Tankras, is the first of its kind to be shipped to South Africa from Canada and its success on the other side will be closely watched by western horse and cattlemen who hope to establish over there a market for breeding and other horses and cattle of Canadian origin.

Certified Seed Potatoes

Freedom From Disease Is of Fundamental Importance

The potato has been greatly improved from a cropping standpoint by the system of seed potato certification carried on by the department of agriculture at Ottawa. Not only does it ensure a crop practically free from disease, but as a result of this a greatly improved yielding ability. As pointed out by the Dominion botanist in an address before the select standing committee on agriculture, disease is a very important factor in reducing yield. That is to say, freedom from disease is of fundamental importance in the potato growing industry. It is immaterial how true a variety may be to name and type, says the Dominion botanist, so long as it is not sound. It will never produce a satisfactory crop. Experimenters at the central experiment farm carried on some years ago with no means, that type of potato which the present certification service is producing today, yielded a crop of 450 bushels to the acre. In a table included in the address, it was shown that the tonnage average of the crop grown from certified seed was 225 bushels to the acre. It is assumed from these figures and from other experience, that the yield of potatoes on the farms of Canada may be increased fifty per cent, at least by the use of certified seed.

Good Prices For Wool

Price This Year Thirty Per Cent Better Than Formerly

Twenty-four cents per pound in Saskatchewan and 24½ cents per pound in Manitoba, not at their stations, was received by farmers of the two provinces for their wool crop marketed through the Canadian Co-operative Wool Growers. Up to November 1st, 224,000 pounds of wool had been shipped from the two provinces, representing 851 producers, 315 from Manitoba and 556 from Saskatchewan. There has been a substantial improvement in grading and the net price is 30 cts. better than in 1922. There is reported an increase in the demand for wool made from Canadian wool.

B.C. Potato Show

Final plans have been completed for the holding in Vancouver of the annual British Columbia potato show and seed exhibit. The growing of potatoes in this province, both for consumption and seed purposes, has made marked strides in the past few years and the remarkably fine quality of British Columbia potatoes has been brought about largely as a result of the educational work carried on by this exhibition.

Valuable Sodium Sulfate Deposits

Canada has sodium sulphate deposits of approximately 100,000,000 tons in its western provinces and chiefly in Saskatchewan, according to L. H. Cole, of the mines branch, of the Dominion Government. To date very little development work has been done on these deposits, but Mr. Cole is of the opinion that these deposits will be developed in time to take care of domestic demands.

Alberta Wheat Peppi

Alberta's wheat pool signed up 100,000 acres of wheat land in its drive for membership, just concluded. The pool now has about 3,000,000 acres under contract.

Business establishments of Los Angeles, numbering many hundreds, prohibit all parades in the downtown section of the city on the ground that they demoralize business, incite crime and are a hazard to life and property.

Canada Is The Greatest

Producer Of Furs Of Any Country In The World

Natural Resources Bulletin

Winter Fishing An Important Industry In Canada

The Natural Resources Intelligence Service of the Department of the Interior at Ottawa, says:

Fishing through the ice in winter is one of the activities of farmers and settlers in many parts of Canada, especially in the neighbourhood of lakes. This industry is one of considerable importance in Western Canada, particularly among the northern tribes. The lack of railways and highways and distance from markets precludes the taking of the fish in the open season, as there are no means of packing the fresh fish for market. With winter, however, fishing is carried on very extensively, and large numbers of teams are engaged in delivering the frozen fish to the nearest railway point.

The most important fish taken is the whitefish, although pickerel, lake trout and other species are taken in considerable numbers. When taken the fish are allowed to freeze solid, and are brought in piled up like firewood on sledges.

The cold waters of the northern lakes produce fish of exceptional quality, the flesh not becoming soft, as is often the case with fish taken in the warm waters of the more southerly lakes and streams.

A large trade has been built up with the cities of Canada, as also in the middle and eastern states, and good prices are obtained for the winter catch of fish.

In Ontario and Quebec, however, the winter fishing in the smaller lakes and rivers is done for the purpose of securing a domestic food supply, and while there is no means of knowing to what extent this is carried on, there is no doubt whatever that considerable quantities are taken. In this way the fisheries provide a valuable source of food and a change in diet of many who are not always within reach of a fresh meat supply.

New Hungarian Settlement

Reported Large Area of Land to be Purchased by Indian Head District

A comprehensive immigration scheme with ultimate result in the formation of a Hungarian settlement and the purchase of 290,000 acres of tame land in Western Canada was outlined at Winnipeg by Aladar De Gedde, president of the Budapest Agricultural Association, who has been investigating agricultural conditions in the prairie provinces during the past four months.

Mr. Gedde, who has large interests in Eastern Hungarian farm lands, announced that he had decided to settle in Western Canada and had completed negotiations for the purchase of 16,000 acres at Indian Head, Saskatchewan, which will form the nucleus of his personal estate. Altogether, he said, he would require 29,000 acres of land.

If present negotiations can be carried through, Mr. Gedde expects to bring 200 families from Hungary next spring. He would not state, however, in what section of the west the land for the immigrants would be purchased. He said his plan had the approval of the Federal Government.

Institute For Plant Research

Would Further Manufacture of Raw Plant Products in Canada

Approving the spirit of a suggestion to form a Canadian institute for horticultural research, a meeting of horticultural enthusiasts appointed a committee to consider the details of organization. It was stated that the benefits to be derived from a national institute for plant research would be felt by all branches of industry in the Dominion, as a product resulting from research would be worthy at once to enter commerce. Not the least of the activities of the institute would be to find a way to further the manufacture of raw plant products in Canada, which products are now largely manufactured abroad.

Men For Anti-Rust Office

The department of agriculture already has started to gather together the technical men required for the rust research work in Winnipeg. This announcement was made by Hon. W. R. Motherwell, minister of agriculture.

Treaty Is Signed

The commercial treaty between Czechoslovakia and Austria, based on the Austrian tariff recently passed by the national assembly, has been signed.

Aluminum pots and pans can be cleaned by rubbing with lemon juice, or a mixture of silver sand and lemon juice.

The fur trade has always been one of Canada's essential industries.

It was Canada's first and, for a long time, her only industry. It continued to hold its supremacy when Canadian activities broadened out, and when other Dominion industries in development superseded it. It continued to occupy the same high place in relation to the industry in other parts of the world. Canada has always suggested that, through the exploitation of other natural resources has far outstripped the annual catch in relative value to the country.

Yet, from its earliest days, and throughout the history of the industry's development, Canada has never received more than a modicum of the profit derived from the industry. Up till quite recently the Dominion was only a source of supply of the raw material which went elsewhere to be marketed, and to be manufactured. A step towards greater independence in the industry, and the acquisition of greater profit, was taken after the war when Canada seized the opportunity presented in the disorganization of long-established fur markets to make this disposition her own right.

Since that time she has steadily consolidated her position as a world fur market, until now she is firmly established in the opinion of buyers from all parts of the globe.

Viewing the next progressive step, it is gratifying to find indication of development in the fur goods industry of Canada. Not only is Canada the greatest producer of furs for the remainder of the globe, as attested by the number of buyers which come to her sales from every part of the world, but by reason of her climate she has to retain a substantial portion of the catch herself or buy it back in a manufactured state.

The fur goods industry of Canada centres mainly about the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, where there are respectively 116 and 62 establishments. There are 21 establishments in Manitoba, 7 in Alberta, 6 each in Saskatchewan and British Columbia, and 2 in New Brunswick and Nova Scotia. The value of the annual production by provinces is as follows: Ontario, \$6,312,793; Quebec, \$5,502,165; Manitoba, \$564,057; Alberta, \$20,938; British Columbia, \$65,955; Saskatchewan, \$67,932; and the two Maritime Provinces, \$76,152.

Profits of Farmers' Company

United Grain Growers' Have A Prosperous Year

In his address at the 18th annual meeting of the United Grain Growers Ltd., held recently at Calgary, Hon. T. A. Crerar, the president, and a former federal minister of agriculture for Canada, stated that the net profit of the company for the year ended on August, 1924, was \$552,432.12, or 12 per cent. of the combined capital and surplus of the company.

An equal per cent. dividend was paid to shareholders of the company in September last on the capital stock, amounting to \$225,176.17. The balance of profit was placed to the credit of profit and loss account which is now \$162,000.

The president stated that the current assets of the company amounted to \$4,706,804.17 against current liabilities of \$1,387,224.41. Current liabilities had not increased during the year while current assets had increased by \$300,000.

C. Rice Jones, vice-president, dealt with the operations of the cattle pool, stating that since the commencement of the pool more than \$45,600 profit had been distributed to the shippers. During the year ended June 30, 1924, the pool handled 190,835 head of cattle.

A Record Salmon Pack

British Columbia has had a record pack of salmon this year, practically all of which has been disposed of. The total pack amounts to 1,650,000 cans, 48 pounds to the case, of the aggregate value of approximately \$10,000,000. The previous highest pack on record was in 1916, when the total was 1,616,617 cases.

The Lesser Evil

Country Teacher—"If you don't tell me who drew that caricature on the blackboard I'll give you a whipping."

Pupil—"Whip ahead. It won't be noticed to what that boy'll gimme if I tell him."

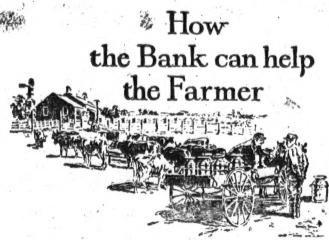
Knew His Bible

Teacher—"When was baseball first mentioned in the Bible?"

Johnny—"When Rebekah walked to the well with the pitcher."

The Explanation

First Golfer—"I don't see how Buff turns in such good scores; he's playing very faintly." Second golfer—"Yes, but so is his mizzen."



How the Bank can help the Farmer

HERE are scores of ways in which your Bank can help you—methods that will surprise you by their convenience and safety.

Take the sale of an animal. If it is a cash transaction, you can ask the purchaser to send you a marked cheque or your bank will attach a sight draft to the bill of lading.

If it is a time sale, your banker will handle and collect the note.

Our manager will be only too glad to outline to you the scores of ways in which he can serve.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established over 100 years

Total Assets in excess of \$700,000,000

ARMAND VANISHING CREAM AND COLD CREAM

are as necessary to the skin and complexion as rain and sun to a flower. Clear, radiant coloring, soft, smooth skin, free from blackheads, enlarged pores, etc.—these are rewards for the consistent use of Armand Creams, according to directions.

DERMAN'S DRUG DEPOT



Jars, 50 cents.
Tubes, 25 cents.

TRAIN SCHEDULE, IRMA, ALTA. TRAIN SERVICE

No. 3 Going West 7:46 A.M.
No. 1 Going West 8:17 P.M.
No. 2 Going East 10:18 A.M.
No. 4 Going East 10:10 P.M.
Train No. 1 stops only to let off or pick up passengers from Saskatoon or East, or to Jasper and West.

Train No. 2 stops only to let off or pick up passengers from Jasper or West or to Saskatoon and East.

—ROY WHYTE, Agent.

Cranberry Jelly

Cook one quart of Cranberries in pint of water then add one pint of sugar and cook till it look like jelly when it is dropped from a spoon. Put in a mould to set.

Cranberry Pudding

One cup of sugar, two tablespoons of butter, two egg yolks, half cup of milk, one and three-quarter cups of flour, one teaspoon baking powder, two cups of uncooked cranberries. Bake slowly for one hour.

Mock Cherry Pie

Two cups cranberries cut in two and seeds washed out, one cup raisins, one and a half cups sugar, two teaspoons vanilla, one tablespoon flour, one cup cold water. Boil. Bake with two crusts.

A Good Cough Syrup

1 cup of Flaxseed, 1 pkg. Horseradish, 3 sticks Slippery Elm Bark, about 4 inches long, 1 lb. loaf Sugar, 3 lemons.

Soak over night, flaxseed, horseradish and elm bark in about one quart of water. Then strain several times through cheese cloth, then boil in sugar and lemon juice until it thickens. Carrot Marmalade

2 cupfuls cooked carrots, 2 cupfuls sugar, 2 lemons.

Wash and scrape the carrots and cook in boiling water until tender. Drain and purée through the meat chopper. Add juice and rind of lemons and the sugar. Cook slowly for about half an hour or until the consistency of marmalade. This quantity will fill 6 jelly glasses.

Main Street.

Mr. and Mrs. Ben Ambler have left for an extended trip through the East.

L. C. Hatch shipped a car of hogs to Edmonton Monday night.

Mr. S. Prosser has been in Calgary this week.

Mrs. H. W. Lowe has been confined to the house the past week with a bad cold.

The Irma Ladies Aid will meet next Thursday afternoon, February 12th with Mrs. A. F. Tucker.

Mrs. McMillan, returned Wednesday night after undergoing a slight operation at the Viking hospital.

Several impounding notices arrive too late for this issue will appear in next week's paper.

Miss Hazel Bullock, of Ponoka, has been renewing acquaintances with friends in Irma this week.

Mrs. Grover Arnold has returned to Irma after spending a couple of weeks in the Viking hospital.

Several cars of horses and cattle from the J. G. Clark farm were sold by auction at Mondare last week.

Mr. A. R. McDougall, travelling passenger agent for the C. N. R. spent Thursday in Irma, in the interest of his company's business.

The Women's Missionary Society, intend giving a silver tan at the home of Mrs. Ross McFarland, on Saturday afternoon, February 14th.

Mr. J. Redington has been placed in charge of the Irma depot as night operator in place of S. J. Dower who has accepted a position at Edmonton.

As Andy was successful in keeping the ground hog from seeing his shadow, predictions, he will return to his hole and we can expect six weeks more winter. This may work in some eastern country where the winter is generally cloudy, but in sunny Alberta, where the sun always shines we have our doubts. However, A. G. Walker says he saw one peeping out of his hole early Monday morning. Andy says he got a big stick and just as he went to come out, he hit him such a crack over the head that he never showed up again. Sunday was one of the worst days we have had for some years, the thermometer hovered around 20 below with a strong east wind blowing. Monday the weather moderated and since then it has been thawing and it looks as if the worst of the winter was over. Several crows have been seen in the district and other indications point to fairly early spring.

DID THE GROUND HOG SEE HIS SHADOW?

Monday was groundhog day and if he saw his shadow, according to old predictions, he will return to his hole and we can expect six weeks more winter. This may work in some eastern country where the winter is generally cloudy, but in sunny Alberta, where the sun always shines we have our doubts. However, A. G. Walker says he saw one peeping out of his hole early Monday morning. Andy says he got a big stick and just as he went to come out, he hit him such a crack over the head that he never showed up again. Sunday was one of the worst days we have had for some years, the thermometer hovered around 20 below with a strong east wind blowing. Monday the weather moderated and since then it has been thawing and it looks as if the worst of the winter was over. Several crows have been seen in the district and other indications point to fairly early spring.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT

The financial statement of Battle River M. D. No. 423 appears in this issue.

Mr. R. G. Williamson returned from Edmonton last Friday evening, after attending the funeral of his sister, Gladys, wife of Mr. L. Y. Cairns, of Wallbridge, Henwood & Cairns, of Estevan. The late Mrs. Cairns passed away at the family residence, 10723—11th Ave on Tuesday, January 27th, at the age of 28 years. She leaves to mourn her loss, beside her husband L. Y. Cairns, her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Williams, of Port Saskatchewan, formerly of Irma, three sisters, Mrs. H. F. Drew, three brothers, Mrs. W. F. Moffat of Saskatoon, and Mrs. E. Chard of Edmonton. Also three brothers, Russel C. of Irma, Wallace J. of Edmonton and Edward Joseph of Vancouver. The funeral service was held Thursday afternoon, Rev. William Grant, of Westminster Presbyterian church officiating, at the family residence. The body being interred in the Edmonton cemetery. Mrs. W. J. Williams has been in Edmonton some two weeks or more but returned Friday.

Several delegates from the different school districts have been attending the annual convention of the Alberta trustees association, in Calgary. Mr. A. F. Tucker, is representing the Irma D. S. S. Miles, the Sunny Brae S. D., G. W. Whitley, Passchendaele S. D., S. Coulter, Orbinale S. D., and Mr. A. J. Lewisville S. D.

Scenes Unobstructed
Speaking of the underwear worn by the average modern girl," said a Wainwright dry goods merchant, "I am reminded of the Vandyman who was in the store the other day and told me about the wire fence he was building around his ranch. He told me that he was protecting his property but not obscuring the scenery."

To Have and To Hold," represented by ten letters. What is it? "Sweet heart," she replied and he said she was not right. Who knows what it is? Don't all speak at once,

Mr. F. Peterson, retired last Saturday night after assisting with the Provincial Sod Fair at Calgary. Mr. Peterson reports one of the best Fairs, both in number and class of exhibits, and in attendance, he has ever attended.

Mr. Mr. J. L. Elliott, president of the Irma Agricultural Society, left Tuesday morning to attend the Alberta Fairs convention at Calgary. After attending this convention Mr. Elliott expects to go to Vancouver to attend the convention of the Red Pal Association of which he is a prominent officer.

FOR SALE—Good Milch Cow, fresh February 8th—H. Prathers, Irma, Phone R611. 38-8C

Here and There

Mineral production in Canada for 1924 is estimated at \$203,194,000, as compared with \$214,070,331 in the preceding year, according to a preliminary statement issued by the Department of Mines. Metallic minerals accounted for \$96,034,000 of the total, followed by fuels and other non-metals with \$73,820,000, and structural materials and clay products with \$33,320,000.

The Port of Montreal created a new world record in 1924 for the amount of grain handled by any one port in any one year, namely, 165,396 bushels, while from January 1 to November 30 she handled 94,365,508 bushels more than her nearest competitor and 17,322,703 bushels more than the seven next busiest ports combined.

A huge wooden, tar-paper lined shell erected over the space provided for the structure and heated by thousands of feet of steam coils connected with 380-horse power boilers, which provide a summer-like atmosphere to the working of construction is an interesting and novel feature of the arrangements made to combat the difficulty of building the new wing of the Chateau Lake Louise, the Canadian Pacific Railway's famous Rocky Mountain hotel, under winter conditions. Thanks to this innovation, the wing, despite frequent drops in temperature to far below zero, is progressing excellently and the company expects it to be ready for next summer's tourist season.

Sweeping changes in the Canadian Pacific Railway's service of great benefit to the communities concerned are scheduled for January 11. They include revision of the timetable of the Vancouver express (Toronto-Vancouver), to reach Fort William and Port Arthur between 10 and 11 p.m., instead of 2 and 3 a.m., and Winnipeg at 10 a.m., instead of 2.30 p.m., as heretofore. The new times are more convenient to the Twin Cities than the old and a half-day is gained for business in Winnipeg. Regina is to be reached by the same train at 11 p.m. instead of 1:20 a.m., and Moose Jaw at midnight instead of 2:45 a.m. Regina-Saskatoon connections being thus radically improved, while arrival at Calgary at 4 p.m. enables Edmonton to be reached that evening. Vancouver is reached at 7 p.m. instead of 9:30 p.m. as previously. The Toronto Express (Vancouver-Toronto) reaches Winnipeg more conveniently, while arrival at Toronto at 8:40 a.m. will make possible connections with early morning trains for Ontario points and with day trains for American cities, thus saving more time. Gains on other trains between Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Chicago and Winnipeg are also scheduled. These arrangements follow the cancellation of the recently inaugurated train between Winnipeg, Montreal and Toronto, which is to come off January 10.

Appointed Director
Canadian Pacific



Ross Huntington McMaster
The recent election of Mr. Ross Huntington McMaster to be a director of the Canadian Pacific, filling the vacancy created by the death of the late Lord Shaughnessy, is a recognition on the Company's part of his long-proven ability. Mr. McMaster is a native of Scotland, having been born in Montrose in 1867. He has practically all his life in that city. He was educated at the Montreal High School and Collegiate Institute. His business career began in 1887, when he joined the Canadian Steel Company of Canada and director of the Northern Electric Company, as well as the Canadian Explosives Company. Born in Montreal in 1867, he has practically all his life in that city. He was educated at the Montreal High School and Collegiate Institute. His business career began in 1887, when he joined the Canadian Steel Company of Canada and director of the Northern Electric Company, as well as the Canadian Explosives Company. Born in Montreal in 1867, he has practically all his life in that city. 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**Keeps
The Home Clean**

GILLETT'S PURE
FLAKE LYE is the
first-aid for housework. No
thing equals it for cleaning out
dinks and drains, cleansing greasy
cooking utensils, keeping floors
clean, etc. Get it from your
grocer. It will save you much
hard labor.

**GILLETT'S
100% PURE FLAKE
LYE**

WORLD HAPPENINGS BRIEFLY TOLD

The British "All Red" cable service between West Indies and Great Britain, direct, has been inaugurated.

Further earthquake shocks have occurred at Wamoboso, Java. Three persons were killed.

A tour of the leading manufacturing centres of Canada will be made by J. A. M. Eldred, Australian trade commissioner.

A British naval officer arrived at Bucarest by airplane to make arrangements for landings there in the England-India air service.

Dec. 1 was a popular holiday for the inauguration of the new constitution of the British Windward Islands and Dominica.

Uruguay will sign the League of Nations arbitration, security and disarmament protocol, making 15 signers to date.

The meeting of finance ministers, at which it is planned to allocate definitely the reparations received from Germany under the Dawes plan, has been fixed provisionally for January 6.

Tenders have been called for by the department of trade and commerce, Ottawa, for the excavation and foundation work for the new grain elevator at Prince Rupert.

There is no evidence of approaching revolution in Spain, in the opinion of Count Romanones, former Spanish premier, as given in a statement to "Excelsior," Paris.

To appear large numbers of citizens who escape persecutions, abolished with the establishment of the republic, it has been decided to create a medal of the federated republic of Austria. There will be ten different classes.

Synthetic Insulin

Discovers Method Making Possible Synthetic Production of Insulin

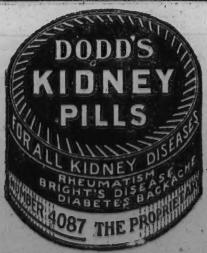
A method by which the active element can be obtained from insulin, the anti-diabetes serum, making possible its production by synthetic processes, has been discovered by Dr. Arthur Locke, research chemist of the St. Luke Hospital at Chicago.

The discovery was announced by Dr. Locke, along with a similar discovery for obtaining the active element from diphtheria anti-toxin. The discoverer, which are—expected to revolutionize certain medical practice, were made after months of intensive research by Dr. Locke and Dr. Edwin P. Illerach, also of the St. Luke Hospital.

New Form of Locomotion

Development of the helicopter will revolutionize civilization, Thomas A. Edison, electrical wizard, declares. Edison believes man will be able to fly lower and at, heretofore unknown speed, when the potentialities of this newest form of locomotion are fully understood.

A factory for the manufacture of automobile parts has started operation in Nazareth. The Holy Land is becoming a mixture of the sacredly ancient and the materially modern.



**Saskatchewan Scores Heavily
Takes Eighteen Out of Thirty Prizes
At Chicago Show**

Saskatchewan wins 18 out of 30 prizes for hard spring wheat at the International Hay and Grain Show at Chicago, and this includes both first and second places. J. C. Mitchell, of Balinida, who was winner of the two prizes for wheat here in 1919 and 1920, was again at the top of the class, in which there were over 300 entries. Thirty-prizes are awarded, and out of 10 Western Canada took 25, leaving only five for the rest of the world.

One of the judges, speaking of the exhibit, remarked that the samples were exceptionally choice this year. Last year the winning sample was outstanding, but this year they had to go practically every egg in the tray in order to be sure of the placing. Major Strange, last year's winner, went to twelfth place this year, and this in spite of the fact that his sample weighed heavier than any of the others coming above him.

Dr. Seager Wheeler, Rutherford, took second place; third to Montana; fourth to Arthur E. Bowring, Lancashire. Other Saskatchewan winners were: W. J. Lartz, Luseland; E. Thompson, Keyton; Edwards Bros., Rutherford; W. G. Barker, Lloydminster; George E. George, Lloydminster; George Avery, Kidson; W. Cartell, Keystone; Fred D. Allen, Lloydminster; R. H. Carter, Moose Jaw; James Carnegie, Moose Jaw; Arthur Elston, Marshall; A. Hardwick, Highgate; Albert A. Mason, Aspin; and George McDougall, Avonlea.

Cannot Help Russia

People Would Not Benefit While Bolsheviks Are in Power

It is a fact known of all people that Russia is greatly in need of money or financial credit for the reconstruction of its industry. Every civilized people on earth is deeply sympathetic with the Russian people and would like to help them out of the grave difficulties into which the Bolsheviks have plunged them. The huge stores of gold in this country could be used to their great benefit. But nothing of advantage would accrue to the Russian people from our giving them stocks available to the Soviet regime. Any portion of it that we might turn over to the Moscow crew of Reds would be employed against us and against civilization generally.—Pittsburgh Gazette-Times.

**Sweden Has Signed
Treaty With Germany**

Agrees to Settle Future Disputes By Arbitration

Sweden is doing her bit towards paving the way for universal arbitration against war, and has permanently safeguarded her political relations with two of her neighbors, as is shown by two official announcements just made at Stockholm. Arbitration treaties with Germany and Norway have been signed, and others probably will follow soon.

**Painful Sprains, Bruises,
Restored By Nervilene**

There is something new in Nervilene that has made it famous during the past few years past. It sinks in deeply. It penetrates quickly, it takes away the pain from a sprain and brings grateful relief to bruised, aching muscles. If you are stiff and stiff you are suffering from Nervilene. Listen! If Nervilene bothers you now and again, use trusty old "Nervilene." It works wonders, whether the pain is internal or external. Get a large 35-cent bottle from your dealer today.

Mylids of Xmas Trees

Seven million Christmas trees, covering five thousand acres were cut in various parts of the United States for Yule tide festivities. Many of them were cut on government land, under government supervision.

The Oil for the Athlete—In rubbing down, the athlete will find Dr. Thomas Electric Oil an excellent article. It renders the muscles and sinews pliable and strengthens them for strains that may be put upon them.

It stands pre-eminent for this purpose, and athletes who for years, have been using it, can testify to its value as a lubricant.

Wave Length For Amateur Radioists

District managers of the Canadian branch of the American Radio Relay League met in convention at Winnipeg and adopted a resolution declaring that all amateurs should operate at a 125-meter wave length for inter-station messages across Canada. It was announced that an international congress of radio amateurs would be held in Paris next Easter.

Tried His Best

Doctor—What's your dyspepsia no better? Did you follow my advice and drink hot water one hour before breakfast? Patient—I did my best, but I couldn't keep it up more than ten minutes.

**Claim Commissioners
Not Kept Informed
Stated There Is Delay In Official
Communications Reaching Them**

The high commissioners of the Dominion in London are laboring under grievances through not being kept fully acquainted with the communications passing between the Imperial and Dominion Governments, according to the London editor of the York-shire Post. He says the high commissioners often receive, through press cables from the Dominions, their first information of important dispatches sent to the Dominions.

The high commissioners are supplied with copies of a certain number of dispatches sent to the Dominions, as a matter of courtesy, but frequently these are delivered 48 hours after being cabled to London, the Yorkshire Post says.

Referring to the recent conference between Premier Baldwin and the Dominion high commissioners, the Post says, that while Premier Baldwin and Colonial Secretary Amery are of the sympathetic interest in the matter of bringing the representative of the Dominions and the Imperial Government closer together, one difficulty is that the high commissioners as yet have no diplomatic status, and there is a wide difference of opinion in the hospitals with a vaccine taken from two apes in the Copenhagen zoo. The cure is known as the gold cure, and consists of the preparation of sulphur rods of gold which is termed sanocynic, which is injected a few days after the ordinary serum. The injection at first seems to hasten death but it is now accepted as the most hopeful discovery yet made.

HAD BAD SPELLS WITH HER HEART

Mrs. C. Martin, R.R. No. 2 Orillia, Ont., writes:—"I have been troubled with my heart for a long time and very often had bad spells with it. I would take salting spells, and my husband had to have somebody to stay with me all the time. He got me everything he could think of to see if they would do me any good, but nothing seemed to help him out of the grave difficulties into which the Bolsheviks have plunged them: The huge stores of gold in this country could be used to their great benefit. But nothing of advantage would accrue to the Russian people from our giving them stocks available to the Soviet regime. Any portion of it that we might turn over to the Moscow crew of Reds would be employed against us and against civilization generally.—Pittsburgh Gazette-Times.

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

Mr. L. Milburn wrote and got me two boxes, and after the first one was finished I felt like a different woman. I cannot recommend them enough to all those who suffer with anything wrong with their heart or nerves. I have had many a night's sleep since I began to use them. They are good for all manner of cuts, scratches, bruises and sprains. Keep a bottle handy at

"All druggists handle them."

Wants Army Increased

**Strength Reduced to Dangerous Point
Says U.S. War Secretary**

The United States army has been seriously handicapped by a protracted absence of economy, and its strength has diminished to the danger point, according to the annual report of the secretary of war.

Secretary of War Weeks, in his report, declared that the pressure for necessary progress and improvement in the army has become even greater than the pressure for economy.

The secretary asked that the army air force be increased to "give us a peace force of 3,000 officers and 25,000 enlisted men."

The secretaries asked that the army air force be increased to "give us a peace force of 3,000 officers and 25,000 enlisted men."

Have Gone To East Africa

Duke and Duchess of York Leave On Trip

The Duke and Duchess of York have left for East Africa. No other members of the royal family were present at the station to bid them farewell as all had assembled at Sandringham for the celebration of Dowager Queen Alexandra's eightieth birthday.

The Duke and Duchess planned to stay in Paris three days for some shopping after which they proceeded to Marseilles and boarded the steamer Muidera for Mombassa.

**Canada Takes Prizes
At Chicago Show**

**Scored Heavily With Samples of Hard
Red Winter Wheat**

Canada scored a little slim in the hard red winter wheat distinction of the International Show at Chicago, taking 25 out of 30 places. J. C. Mitchell, of Balinida, Sask., led off with the winning sample, closely followed by Seager Wheeler, of Rossmere, Sask.

Legacy Left To Toronto Woman

A legacy of \$5,000 a year is left to Miss Florence W. Blyth, of Toronto, under the will of the late Mrs. J. Pierpoint Morgan, widow of the noted financier. Miss Blyth was, for some years, Mrs. Morgan's nurse, secretary and companion.

Christopher Columbus, it seems, was married twice. But proof of his marriage has already been shown in another instance.

Thirty different disease organisms and parasites are carried by flies.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia



—serve this unique roast as the main dish of your meal. Your folks will be delighted.

Recipe, and scores of others, in our free book.



Kraft
Macdonald
Cheese Co.
Ltd., Montreal
Send me free recipe book.

Name _____
Address _____

New Cure For Tuberculosis

Danish Professor Claims Experiments
With Invention Have Been
Successful

A new cure for tuberculosis has been discovered by Professor Moller, a Dane, who has carried out successful experiments with patients in the hospitals with a vaccine taken from two apes in the Copenhagen zoo. The cure is known as the gold cure, and consists of the preparation of sulphur rods of gold which is termed sanocynic, which is injected a few days after the ordinary serum. The injection at first seems to hasten death but it is now accepted as the most hopeful discovery yet made.

No Desire For Annexation

**Only International Friendship Desired
Between U.S. and Canada**

Time was when there were well-defined anti-national plans on both sides of our Canadian border line; but that time is past. Today there is no peaceable demand for political union of the countries. America does not want to annex Canada, and that fact, instead of inspiring strongly our international friend ship, not only between these two countries, but also between the United States and other members of the Commonwealth of British nations.—Washington Post.

Always Ready and Reliable—Practically all pains arising from inflammation can be removed with Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Simply rub on the sore spot and it is quickly absorbed by the skin and the heat and power is conveyed to the inflamed tissue which is quickly soothed. This fine old remedy is also a specific for all manner of cuts, scratches, bruises and sprains. Keep a bottle handy at

"All druggists handle them."

Cow At Rampage

A cow being driven through the streets of Cheltenham, Eng., suddenly chased its driver and then attacked two men on bicycles. Both hurriedly dismounted and the cow, with the two bicycles on its horns, dashed down the road and charged a billboard. The machines were totally wrecked.

New Wireless Station

The Swedish Government's new high-powered wireless station at Varberg on the west coast of Sweden is to begin commercial service at once. The station cost \$1,550,000.

When Holloway's Corp. removes its apparatus to fit it to the road and the carriage comes out without injury to the team.

Object to Rate Increase

Proposals of the Canadian National Railway system to increase rates on forest products by three cents per hundred pounds, when moved from Eastern Canadian territory to points on the Lehigh and New England railroad, were temporarily set aside by the U.S. Interstate commerce commission.

Estimated, Canada Will Receive
\$294,000,000 Within 30 Years

Senator N. A. Belcourt, in an address before the Canadian Club at Ottawa, estimated that Canada would receive, under the reparation scheme, approximately \$294,000,000 during the 30 years in which the Dawes plan would be in operation.

Senator Belcourt, who represented Canada at the allied conference last July, stated that the figures were not to be taken as official, but as his own estimate. Germany, he said, had met every obligation so far and the present optimism marked a new era of good will, understanding and tolerance among the nations of the world.

Prince, Will Be Busy

Has to Fill Several Engagements
Every Day

After his holiday, if such it could be called, the Prince of Wales is to have a very busy time. His programme is choked with engagements, many of which are grouped to an extent which means that he will have to figure at three and four functions in a day.

During his American tour he collected souvenirs and presents everywhere and the size of his baggage, 95 trunks and bags, was a record, it is stated, for any passenger in the Olympia.

Two youthful anglers had tried the canal for some hours, when one of them pulled out the first catch.

"Look," he said to his mate, "what a big 'un." I think it is a salmon." "Get away," disdainfully replied the other. "Salmon's in Mrs."

Minard's Liniment Used by Physicians

Success With Alfalfa

By Jas. D. McGregor, Glencairn Stock Farms, Brandon, Man.
(Part 1)

Only by the diversification of farm crops can the farmer in any section protect himself against the conditions that continually and inevitably arise.

We find that the successful, the practical, the experienced alike recognize that highly profitable farming can only be attained by reducing the uncertainties to a minimum.

Notwithstanding this, any farmer, no matter the size, where stock either of necessity or profit is to be fed, must, to facilitate an economical supply of feed, cultivate the crops that give greatest returns, and to alfalfa and sweet clover is the honor due.

Alfalfa seems to travel hand in hand with a spirit of optimism. It is the spirit which pervades wherever alfalfa is used. In no crop are the possibilities so apparent and the results so noticeable to the farmer as alfalfa.

My first experience in the growing of alfalfa was in 1907. At that time I was ranching in Alberta and had broken up a small field which was used for a garden. I had been reading about alfalfa, became very much interested and planted this small field to Turkish alfalfa. I got a splendid catch and it yielded a real good crop for two years and then winter-killed. About that time I first heard of Grimm's alfalfa seed and the experiments which were being made by Professor Hansen at Brookings, S. Dak. Two young men had been assisting him in his experiments and they started an alfalfa field, growing seed from selected plants. Quite accidentally I heard of these young men and went to see them, and the result was I purchased a quantity of seed from them. Enough to sow fifty acres in rows three feet apart. This seed was sown in a very dry part of Alberta, between Lethbridge and Medicine Hat, and we sowed all this particular seed with small hand garden drills and kept it clean by hand-hoeing and cultivating.

The second year I harvested about 21,000 pounds of clean seed and this was distributed throughout Alberta. I also brought a quantity of it to Brandon, and sowed it on my farms there.

This seed was probably the parent seed of a good deal of the alfalfa which is being grown in Alberta today. The fields in Brandon which were sown with this seed turned out very successfully. Some of these fields are still producing alfalfa from this first sowing, but the most of this original sowing has been plowed up now on account of quick and other grasses getting into them. One field which we have today is about fifteen years old and up until last year has produced a very good tonnage each year.

We always produce considerable seed off our alfalfa fields each year and some of this seed is sold on Glencairn farms in Manitoba. I have taken back again to Alberta and sown there on our irrigated farms with splendid results.

We are never bothered with winter-killing which seems to be the greatest difficulty with alfalfa in Western Canada, but, of course, our fields have all been planted with seed which is a direct result of my first importation mentioned above.

(To be continued)

German Reparations

Estimated, Canada Will Receive
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Minard's Liniment Used by Physicians



Record For Canadian Station

Victoria Wireless Established Nightly
Communication With Steamer
For Auckland

Another record, the third in succession, has been established by the Esquian-wireless station, now considering the most powerful wireless receiving and sending apparatus on the Pacific coast. It is announced that nightly communication was established with the steamer Taithi on its outward trip from San Francisco to New Zealand, the ship's position being obtained daily by the Canadian station until the vessel reached port at Auckland, a distance of approximately 6,250 miles.

World's Youngest Astronomer
The Swedish Academy of Sciences has accepted for publication the astronomical work of 16-year-old Bengt Stroemgren—probably the world's youngest astronomer. This work represents great improvement in the method of calculating the exact position of stars. Bengt Stroemgren is the son of the leader of the Copenhagen observatory.

When a plant sleeps the leaves droop and lie closer together for warmth.

The rays of the sun take eight minutes to reach the earth.

It is always safe to send Documentary Express Money Orders.

Write us for free advice on your ideas

CARON & CARON
Patent Attorneys

OTTAWA CANADA

REEDS-RATTANS

For all purposes, also Tray Bottoms, Braided Grasses, etc. Kindergarten

Write for price list and set of samples.

E. T. CARTER & CO.
Direct Importers

63-71 Wellington St. W., Toronto, Can.

YOU'VE TRIED THE REST
NOW BUY THE BEST

Cook's Regulating Compound
A safe, reliable regulating medicine
for women & children. Sold in
Nos. 5, 15, 30, 50, 100, 200, 500
gr. sizes. Dr. Cook's Medicine Co.
Toronto, Ontario, Canada.

SEND FOR OUR
FREE

**MUSICAL INSTRUMENT
AND
RADIO CATALOGS**

THE WILLIAMS SONS LTD.
421 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

NEWCASTLE COAL
ALWAYS SUITS, NEVER SOOTS

There is a dealer handling Newcastle coal in every town in Western Canada for him.

MINARD'S LINIMENT

FOR THE KIDNEYS

FOR THE

Auditor's Financial Statement and Annual Returns of the Municipal District of Battle River No. 423 for the Year 1924

Receipts

		Assets
Credit Bal. as per Bank Pass Books at Dec. 31st, 1923		\$5105.84
Cash on Hand at Dec. 31st, 1923		400.04
Municipal Taxes		16752.06
Supplementary Revenue Taxes		4980.53
Wild Lands Taxes		201.41
Educational Taxes		27.24
School Taxes		2380.18
Hail Insurance Taxes		101.69
Advances repaid during Current Year for Seed Grain, Feed, Relief,		2135.31
Loans outstanding		1000.00
Municipal \$3,000.00; School \$22000.00		25000.00
Tax Certificate Fees		13.25
Refunds on Certificates		506.49
Redemption Fees		25.00
Transfer Fees		1.00
Redemption fees		108.30
Cemetery Fees		75.00
Recovered on Seed Grain and Refunded		451.08
Found Acc't. \$44.90; Compensation from C. N. R.		
Dues \$500.00		541.40
Government Grant		1750.00
Medical Aid		10.00
Overpaid		1.00
Total Outstanding Cheques at Dec. 31, 1924:		
Municipal Account		\$637.26
School Taxes Trust Account		272.50
		\$909.76
TOTAL		\$85682.13

Disbursements

		Liabilities
Total Cheques Outstanding at Dec. 31, 1923		\$1712.92
Paid Dept. of Municipal Affairs:		
Supplementary Revenue Taxes		5022.47
Wild Lands Taxes		4110.65
Educational Taxes		335.25
Paid School Boards on School Est. (or Coll'n's)		1943.67
Paid Hail Board on Hail Insurance Levy		326.00
Loans:		
Municipal—Principal \$1500.00, Interest 130.87		3100.87
Seed Grain—Principal \$2252.56		2252.56
Salaries: Sec. Treas. \$1500.00, Assessor \$400.00		1900.00
Advertiser's Expenses		75.00
Councillors Fees for Council Meetings, Attendance and Mileage		485.80
Councillors Fees for Supervision of Roads		140.70
Secretary-Treasurer's Bond		12.65
Postage, Stationery, Office Supplies, Fuel, Lights, Telephone, etc.		402.83
Delegates Expenses and Membership Fee		90.00
Election Expenses		40.00
Labor		1390.34
Machinery and Repairs		101.69
Land and Surveys		292.83
Cavests		159.47
Livery		5.00
Total Advances		157.40
Commission on Seed Grain Collections		230.17
Commission on School Taxes and Coll'n's		1319.20
Hos. Fees \$200, Taxes \$16.15, Com. Migr. \$129.10		345.25
Insur. \$6.60, Registering Titles \$57.85		64.45
R. J. Tate error in 1919		123.83
Legal Fees \$64.15; Advertising \$70.95;		
Grain, rent \$10.25		154.88
Weld Inspection \$50, Cemetery Survey \$15.50		48.10
Cartage \$1.75, Abstracts \$10.10, Brand book \$8.10		19.95
Inspection Adding Machine		\$12.55
Work Comp.		15.27
Seed Grain Payment on Seed Grain		481.08
Crop Tax on Dec. 31st, 1924 at her Bank Pass Bks:		
Municipal Act (Gen.) Bank \$2245.20		
Cash		\$1131.14
Prov. Taxes Trust Acct. Bank 1969.83		4.74
School Taxes Trust Acct. Bank 396.64		36.93
Seed Grain, Feed & Relief Bank 32.75		36.93
Total Bank Balances		\$4644.42
Cash on hand		\$154.81
TOTAL		\$85682.13

Municipal Taxes

		Memorandum of Equipment
Total Assessed		
Current Taxes		
Total Unroll'd at Dec. 31, 1923		
Penalties Added in 1924		
Total Due		
Exemptions & Cancellations		
Total Collected at Dec. 31, 1924		
Penalties added 1924		
Total Unroll'd at Dec. 31, 1924		
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Total Due		
Exemptions & Cancellations		
Total Collected at Dec. 31, 1924		
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